

# AUTHENTICATION WITH OPENID CONNECT IN ANGULAR

DR. PHILIPPE DE RYCK

https://Pragmatic Web Security.com

## DR. PHILIPPE DE RYCK

- Deep understanding of the web security landscape
- Google Developer Expert (not employed by Google)



(https://secappdev.org)



# **Pragmatic Web Security**

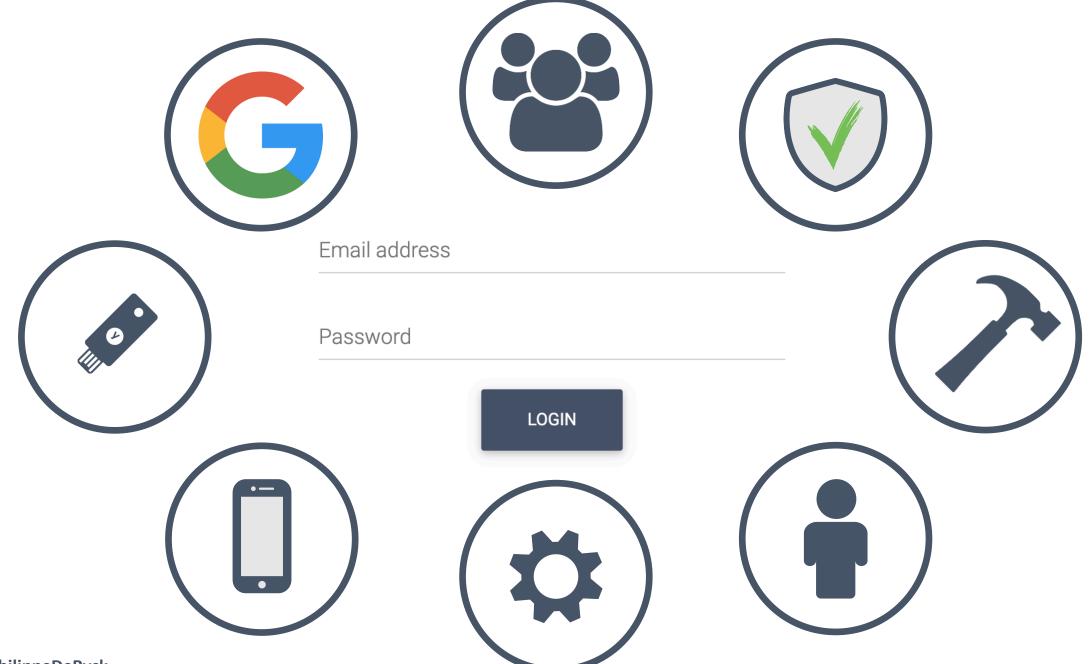
High-quality security training for developers and managers

Custom courses covering web security, API security, Angular security, ...

Consulting services on security, OAuth 2.0, OpenID Connect, ...



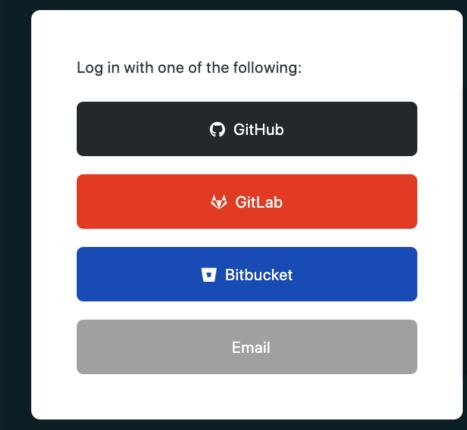
@PHILIPPEDERYCK







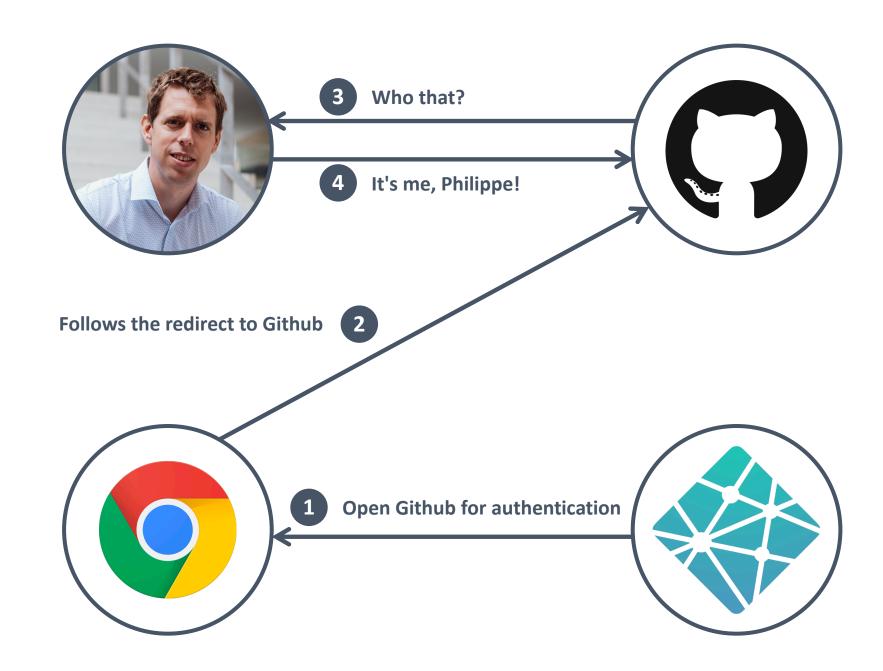
# Welcome to Netlify

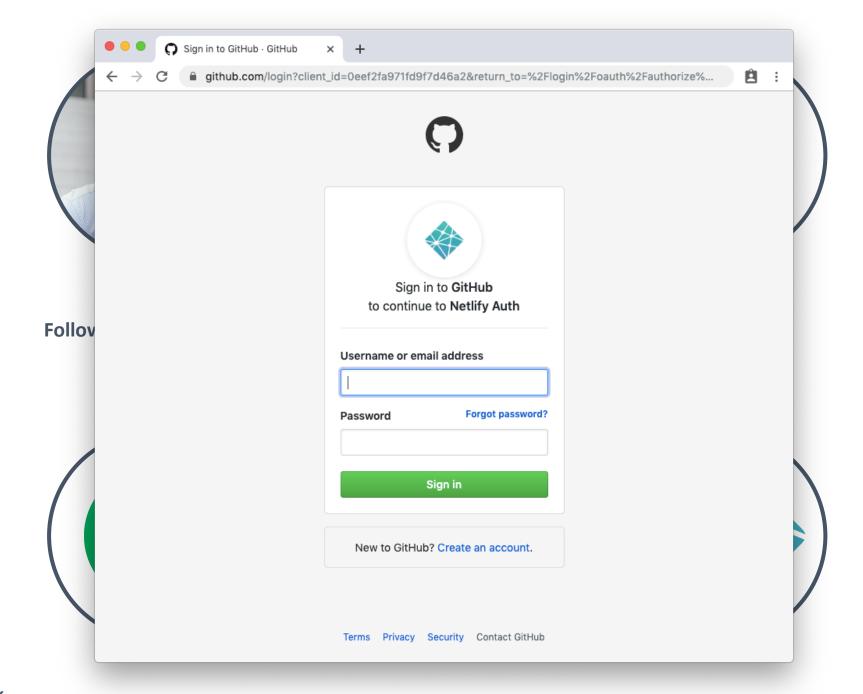


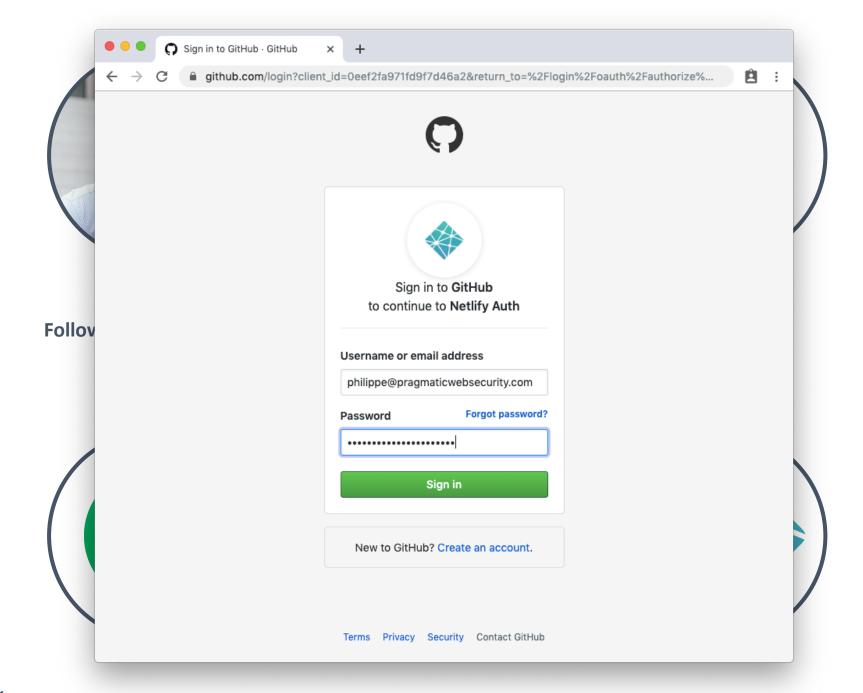
**HELPFUL TIP #5** 

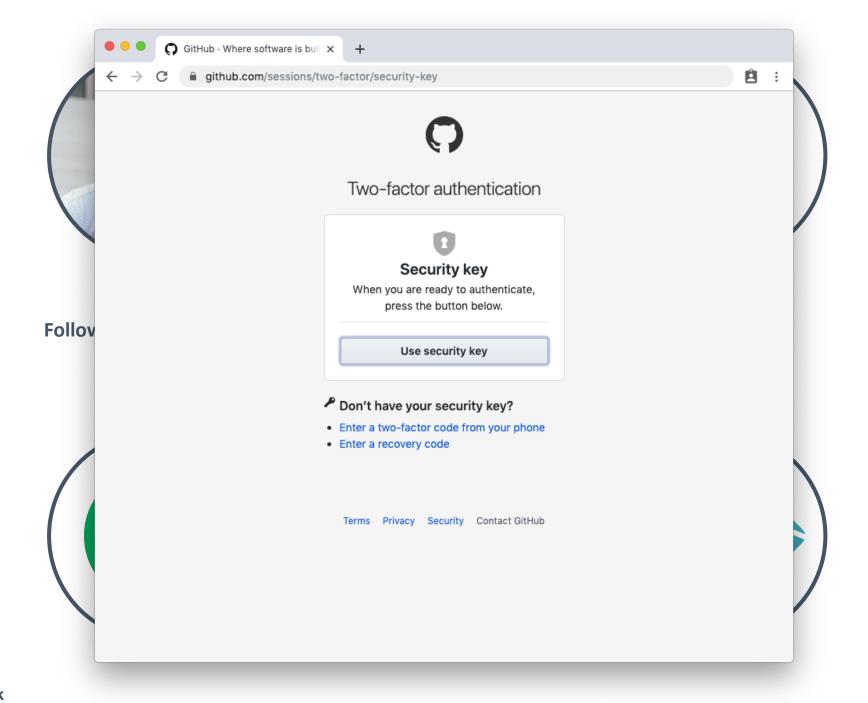
## Fan of the Command Line?

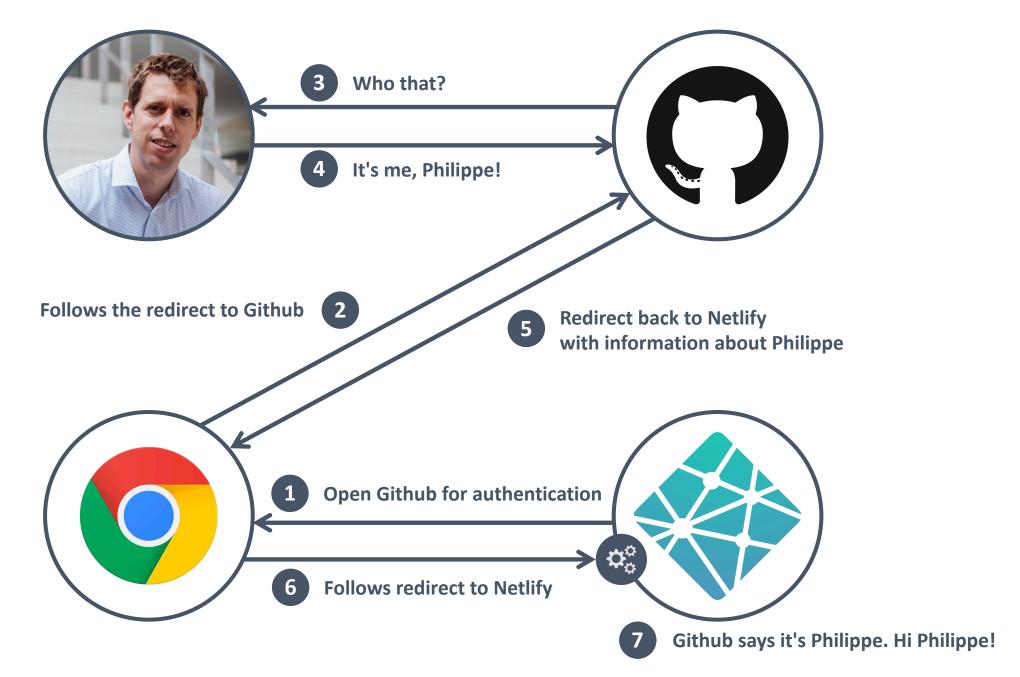
Did you know that Netlify has a Command line interface? Try out the Netlify CLI by running `npm install netlify-cli -g` in your terminal.

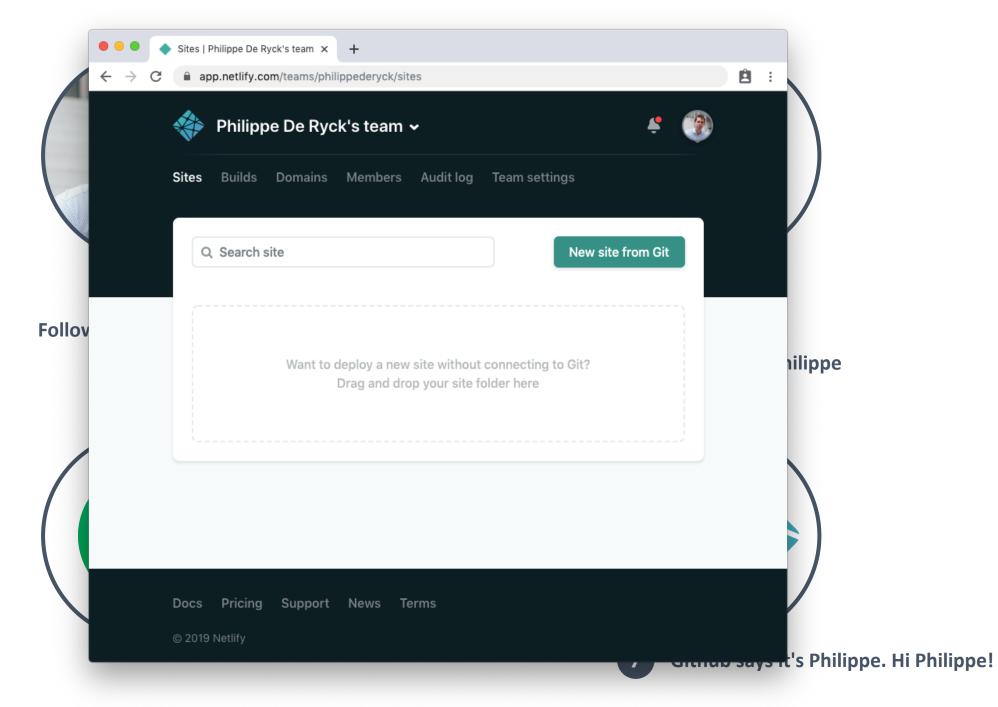


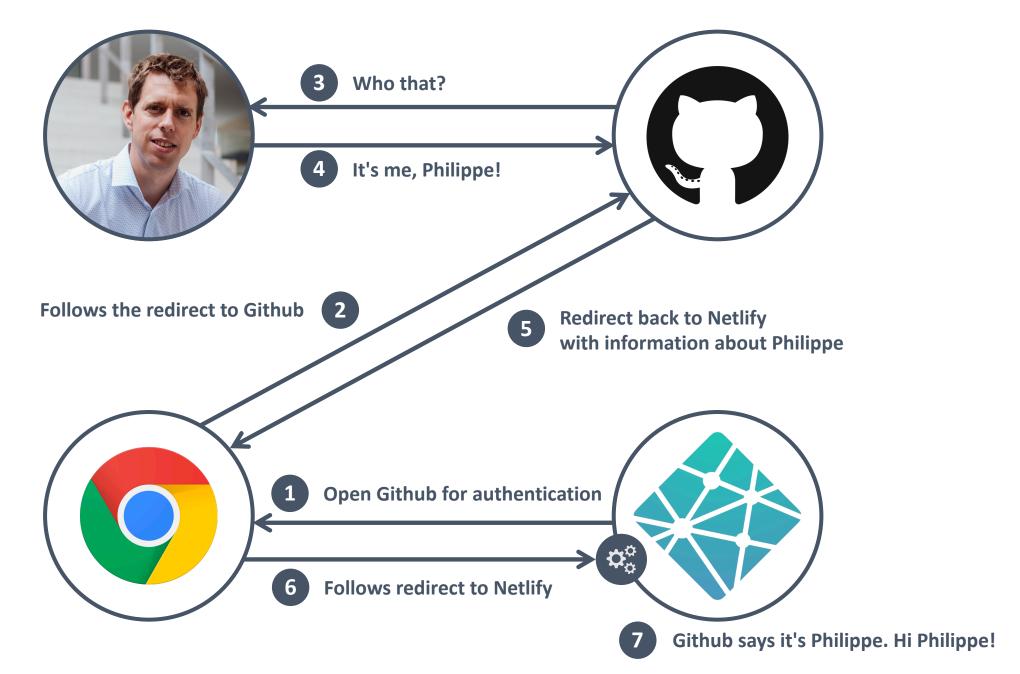


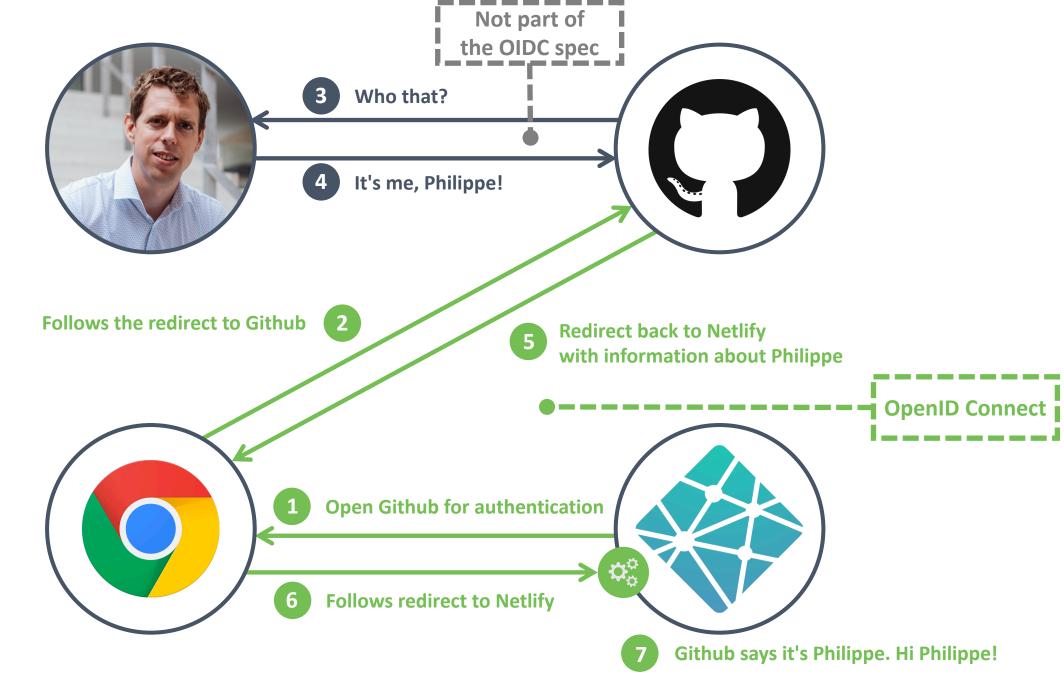


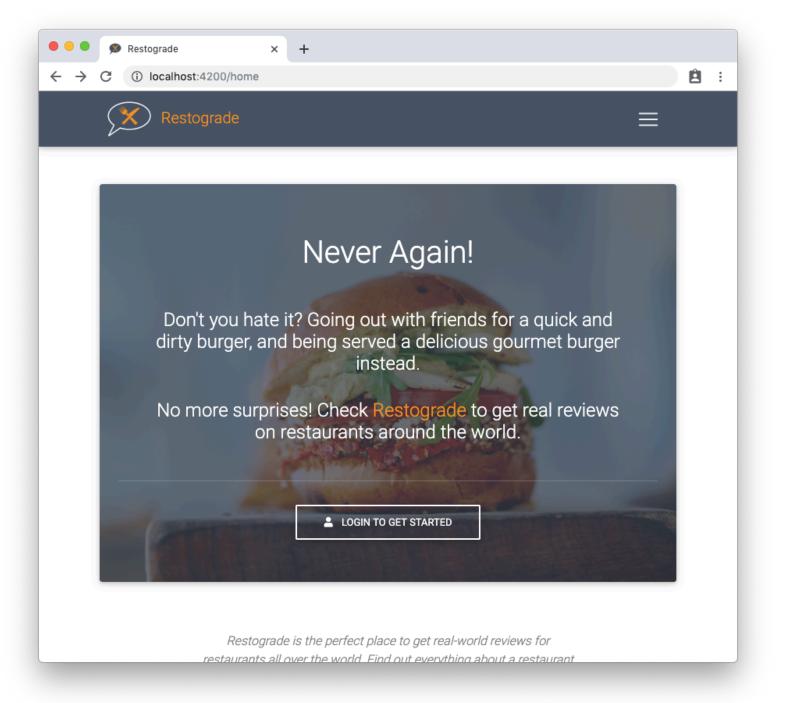


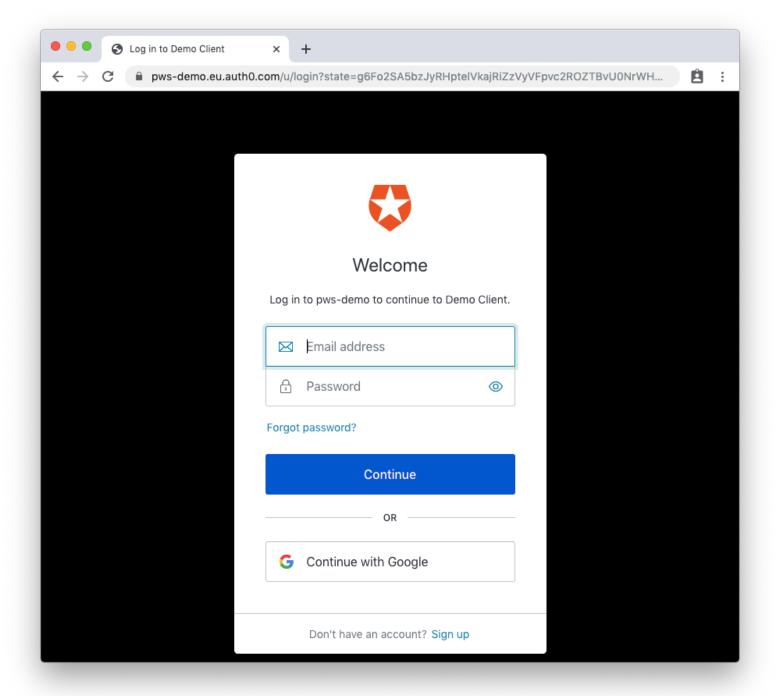


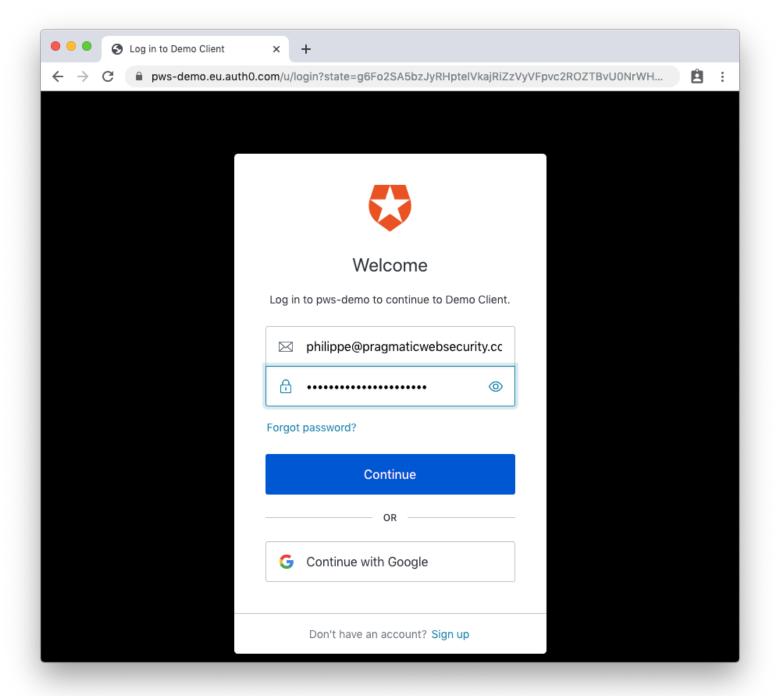


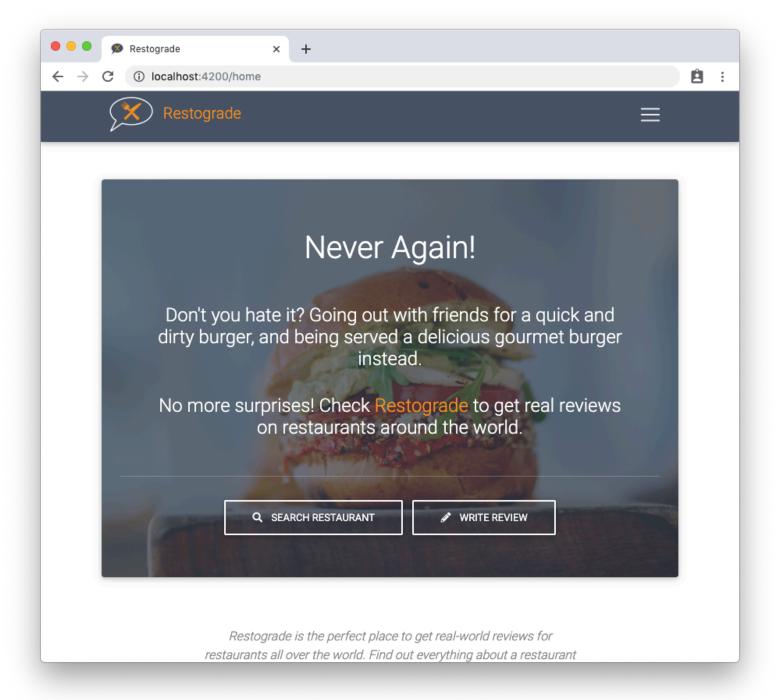


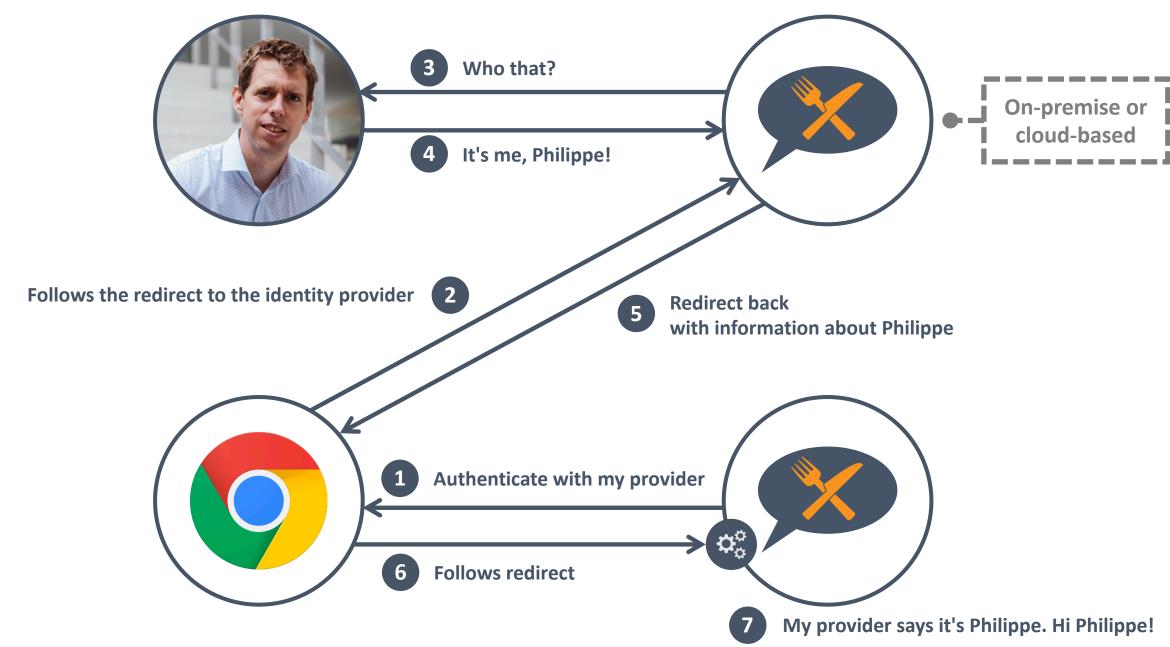












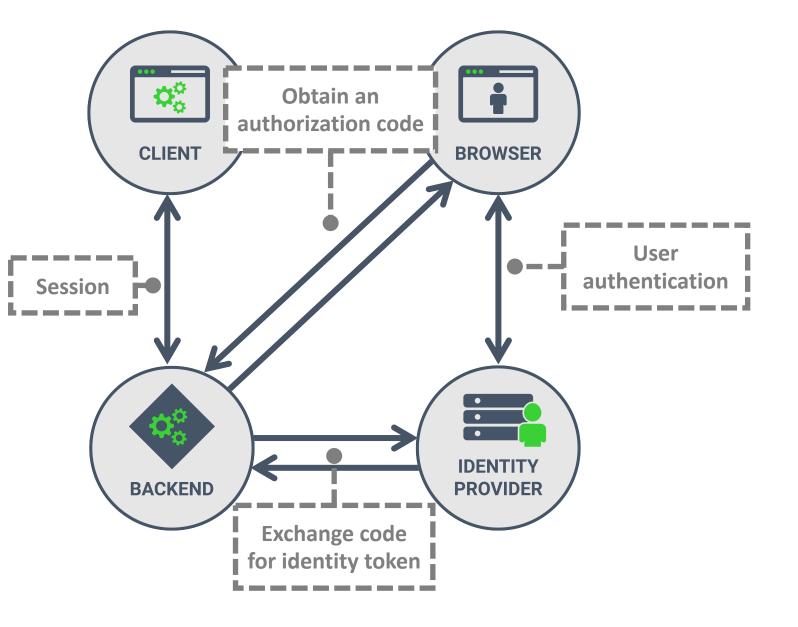
# DELEGATE AUTHENTICATION WITH OPENID CONNECT

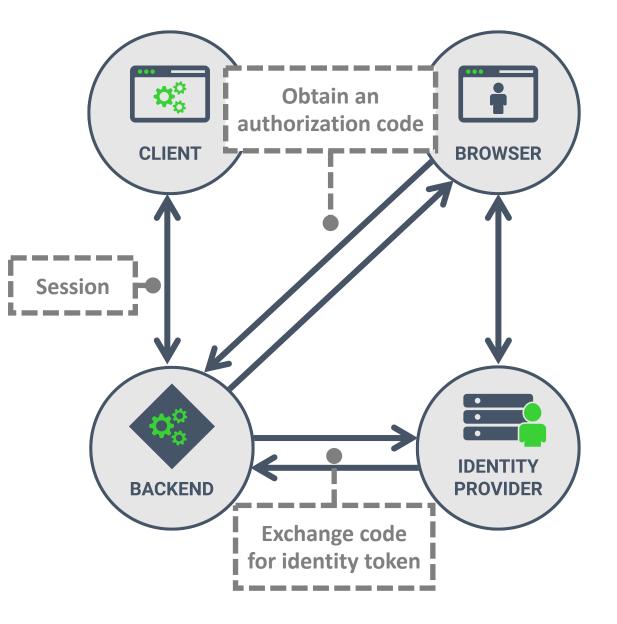


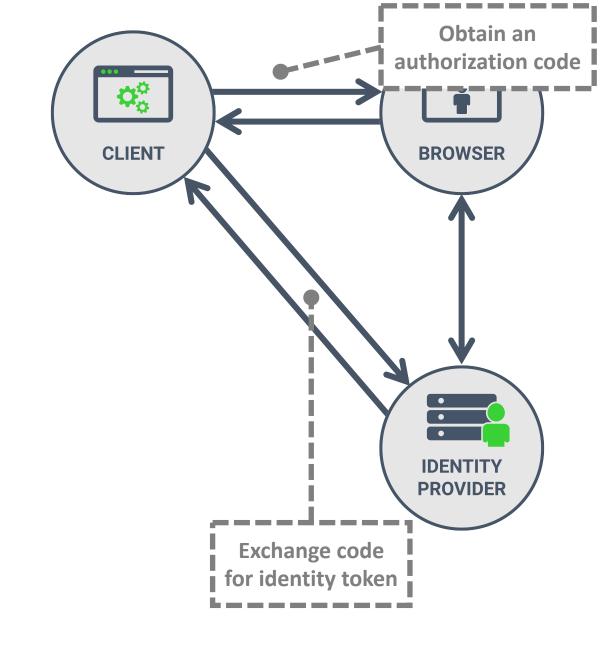
Building a secure custom authentication mechanism is hard

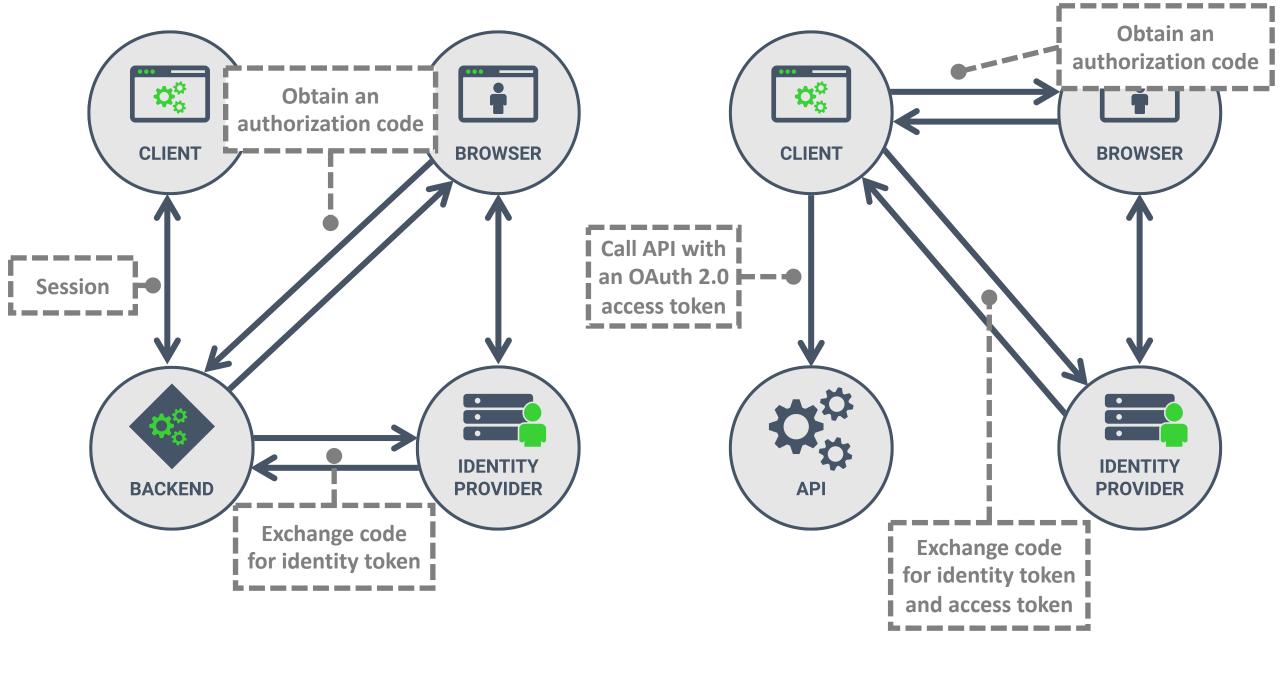
Identity providers are specialized in managing & authenticating users

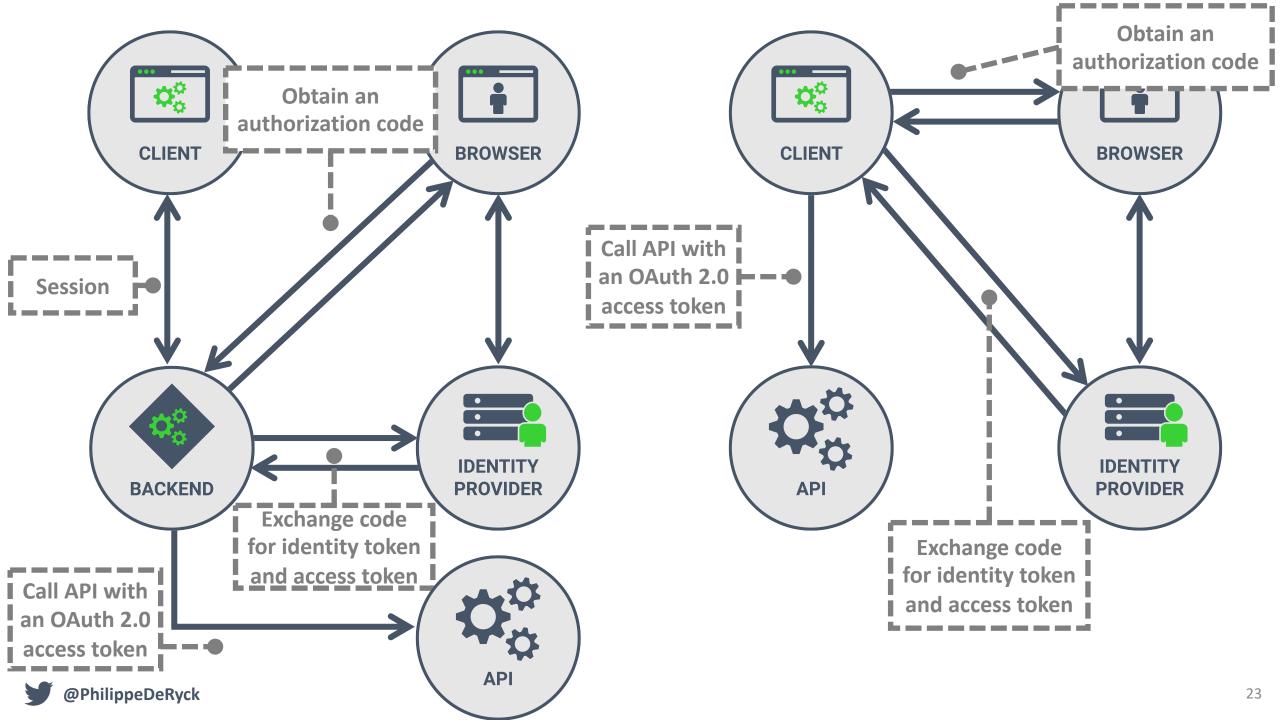
Offloading authentication makes sense, even in a non-SSO scenario













#### Name

#### Restograde backend



You can change the application name later in the application settings.

#### Choose an application type



#### Native

Mobile, desktop, CLI and smart device apps running natively.

e.g.: iOS, Electron, Apple TV apps



#### Single Page Web Applications

A JavaScript frontend app that uses an API.

e.g.: Angular.JS + NodeJS



#### Regular Web Applications

Traditional web app using redirects.

e.g.: Java, ASP.NET



#### Machine to Machine Applications

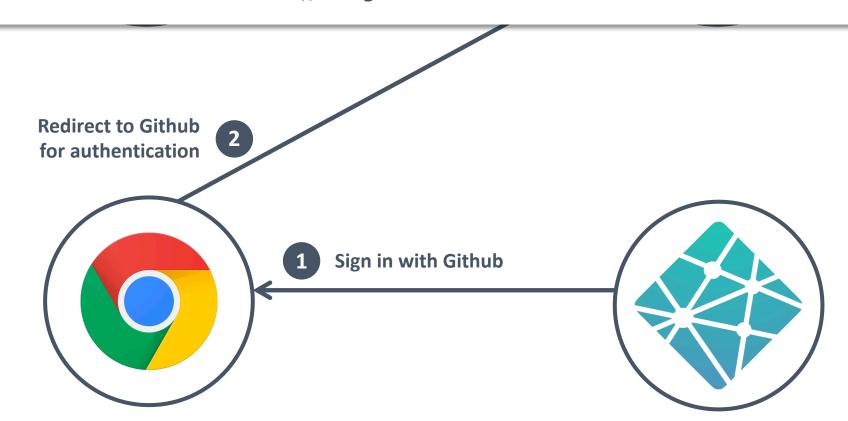
CLIs, daemons or services running on your backend.

e.g.: Shell script



```
https://github.com/openid-connect/auth GitHub's OIDC endpoint

?response_type=id_token code Indicates the OIDC hybrid flow
&client_id=NetlifyClient
&scope=openid email profile Requests access to user's identity information
&redirect_uri=https://netlify.com/codeCallback
&state=s0wzojm2w8c23xzprkk6
&nonce=Bh911G2QLb1jAiaha372
```







- 5 Request client authorization
- 3 Authenticate yourself



6 Authorize client

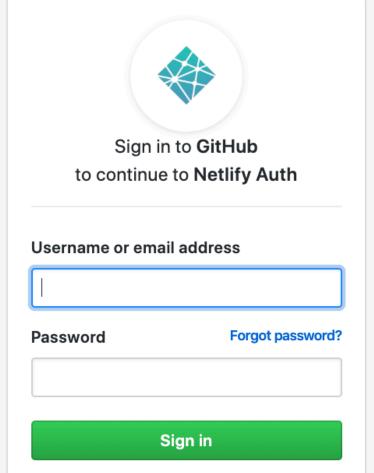


Redirect to Github for authentication



Sign in with Github





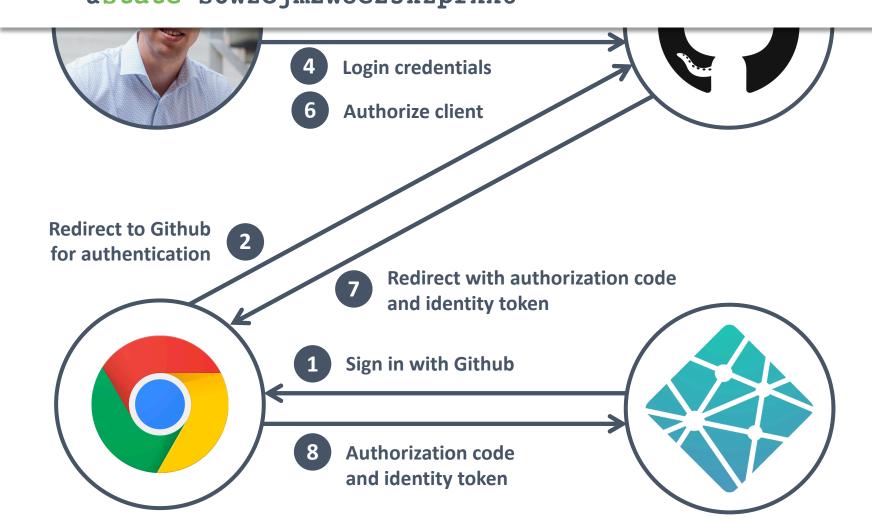
New to GitHub? Create an account.

#### REDIRECT FROM GITHUB TO NETLIFY

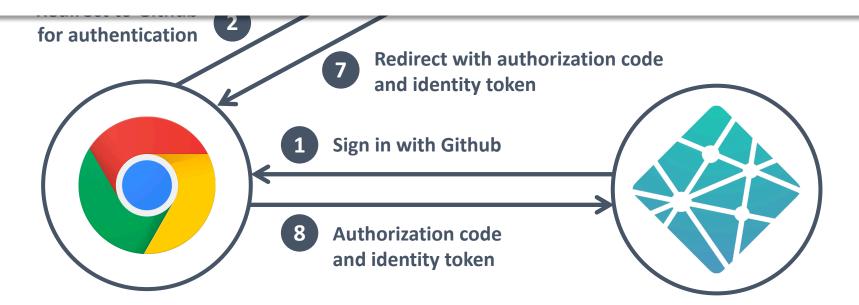


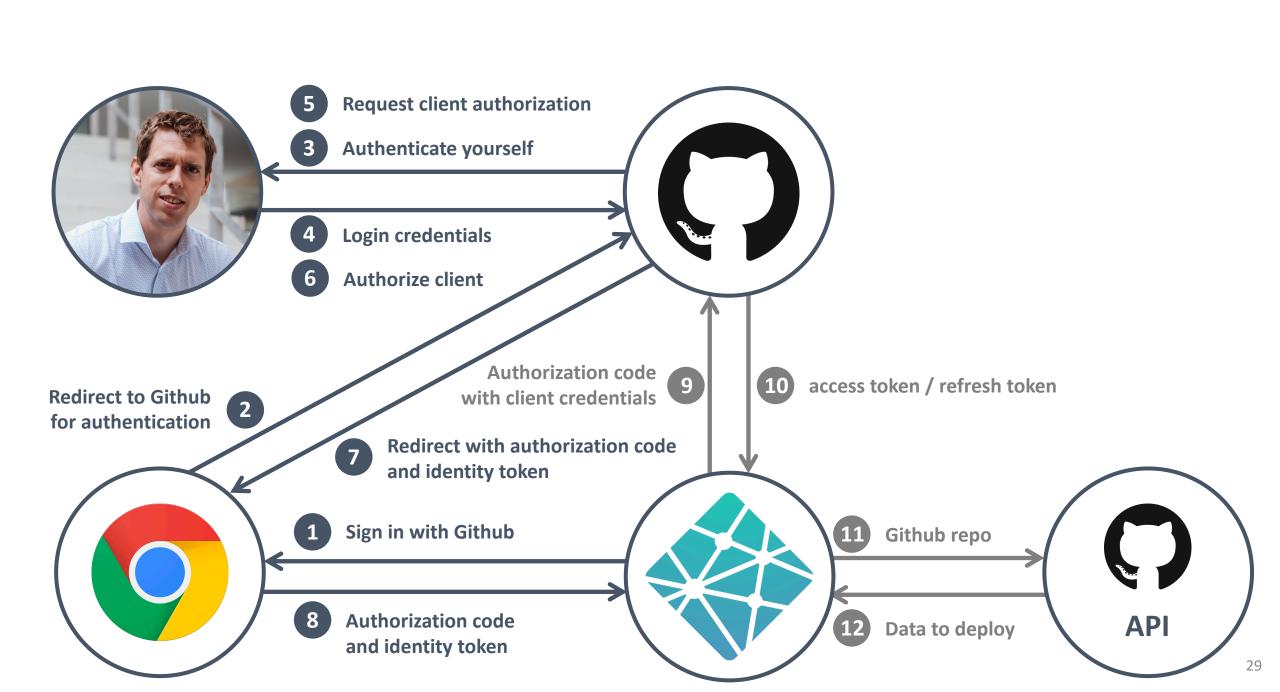


https://netlify.com/codeCallback **Approved redirect URI** ?code=q3AKQ...0X4UeQ ← **Authorization code** &id\_token=eyJhbGci0...du6TY9w •- JWT containing authentication information &state=s0wzojm2w8c23xzprkk6



### THE IDENTITY TOKEN CONTAINS INFORMATION ABOUT THE USER'S AUTHENTICATION







#### Name

#### Restograde SPA



You can change the application name later in the application settings.

#### Choose an application type



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e.g.: iOS, Electron, Apple TV apps



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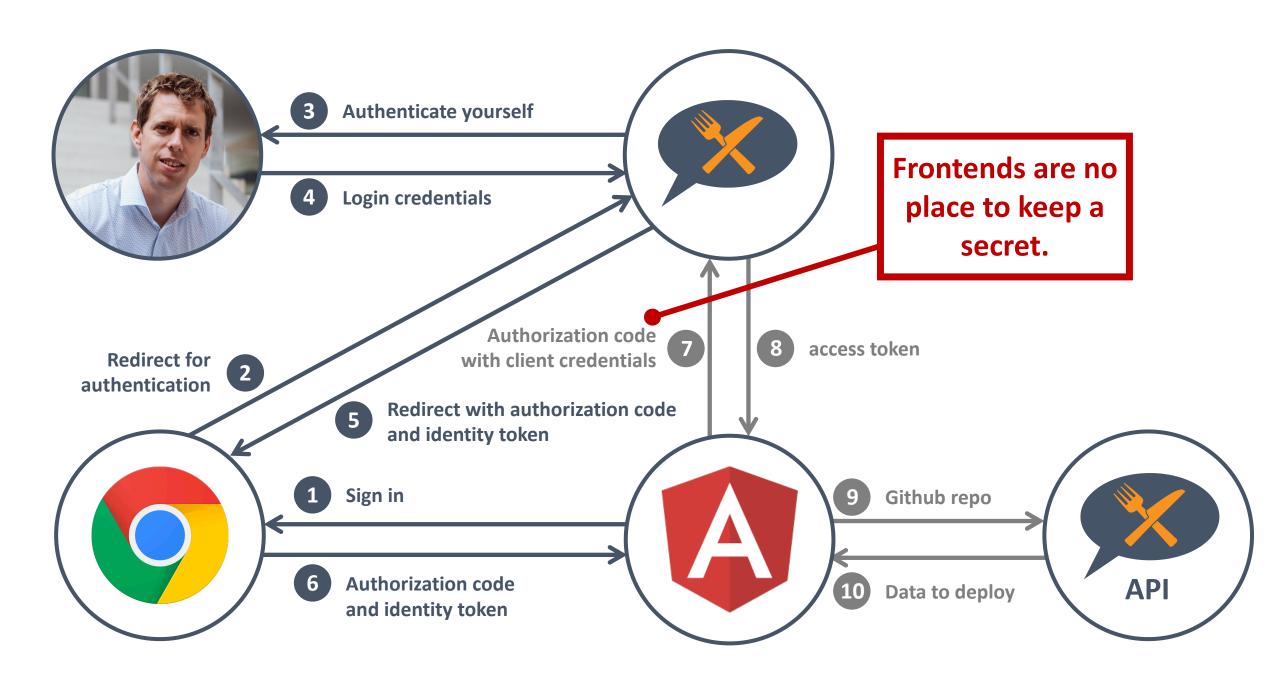


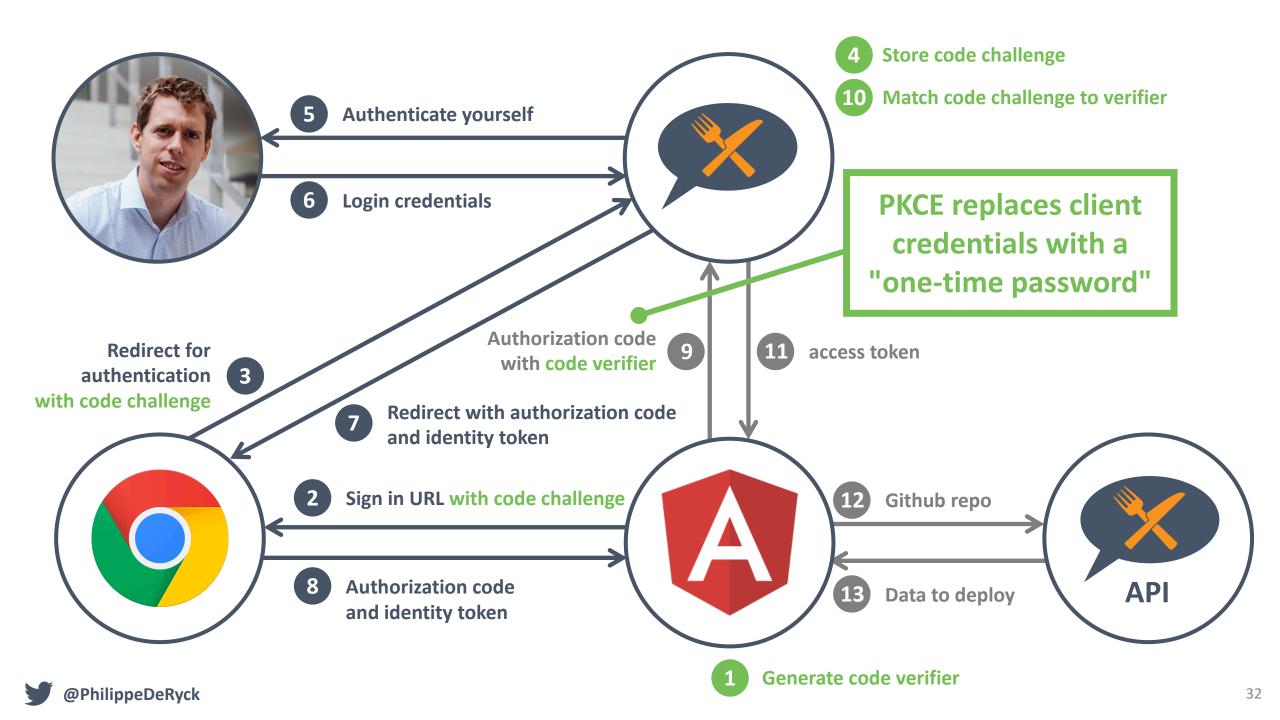
#### Machine to Machine Applications

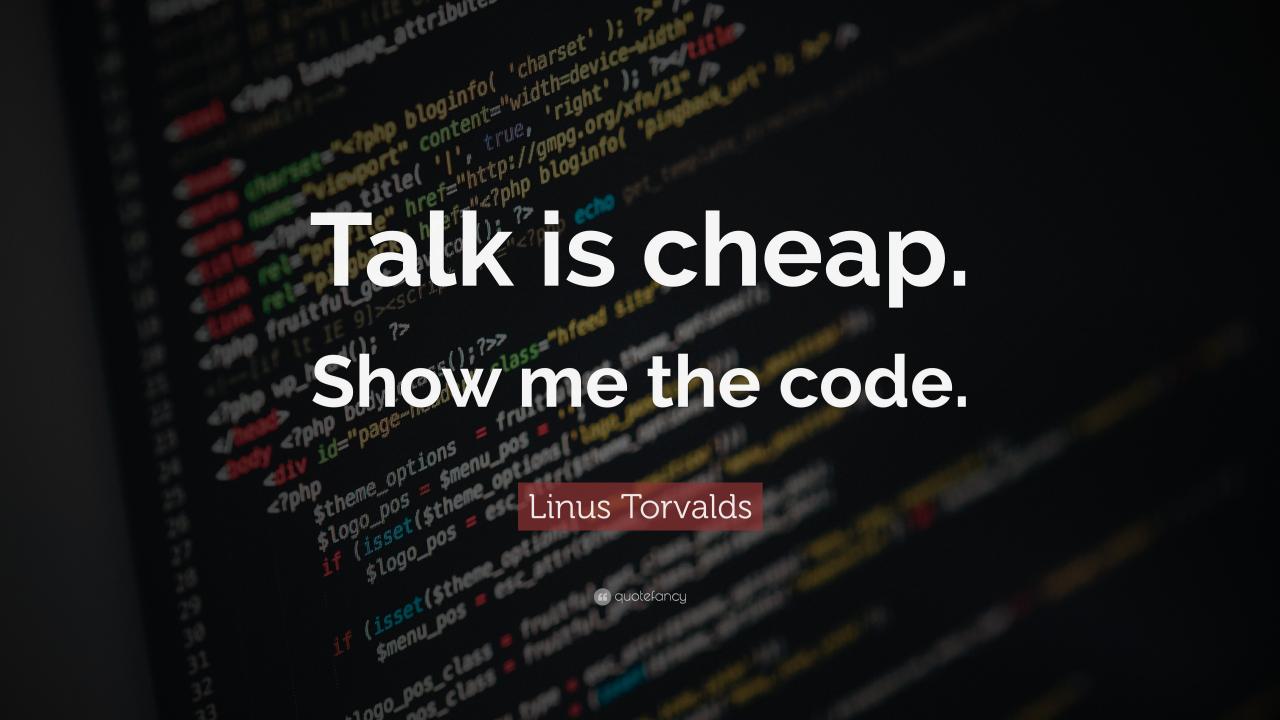
CLIs, daemons or services running on your backend.

e.g.: Shell script









npm install angular-oauth2-oidc

this.oauthService.initCodeFlow();

## npm install @auth0/auth0-spa-js

```
this.auth0Client$.subscribe((client: Auth0Client) => {
  client.loginWithRedirect()
});
```

## npm install keycloak-js

```
keycloak.init({
   flow: 'hybrid',
   promiseType: 'native',
})
```

# USE THE RIGHT OIDC FLOW FOR YOUR APPLICATION



Both a backend and a frontend can use the OIDC hybrid flow

Backends require client authentication & frontends require PKCE

OIDC is typically used along with OAuth 2.0 to enable API access



Draft	B. de Medeiros	TOO
	N. Agarwal	
	Google	
	N. Sakimura	
	NRI	
	J. Bradley	
	Ping Identity	
	M. Jones	
	Microsoft	
	January 25, 2017	

## Оре

# Draft M. Jones Microsoft January 25, 2017

TOC

#### **Abstract**

OpenID Connect 1.0 is a sidentity of the End-User b basic profile information a

This document describes I

**Abstract** 

OpenID Connect 1.0 is a identity of the End-User basic profile information

This specification defines between the OP and RPs pages. Other protocols h does the same thing. It a Connect Session Manage

## **OpenID Connect Front-Channel Logout 1.0 - draft 02**

Draft	M. Jones
	Microsoft
	J. Bradley
	Ping Identity
	January 25, 2017

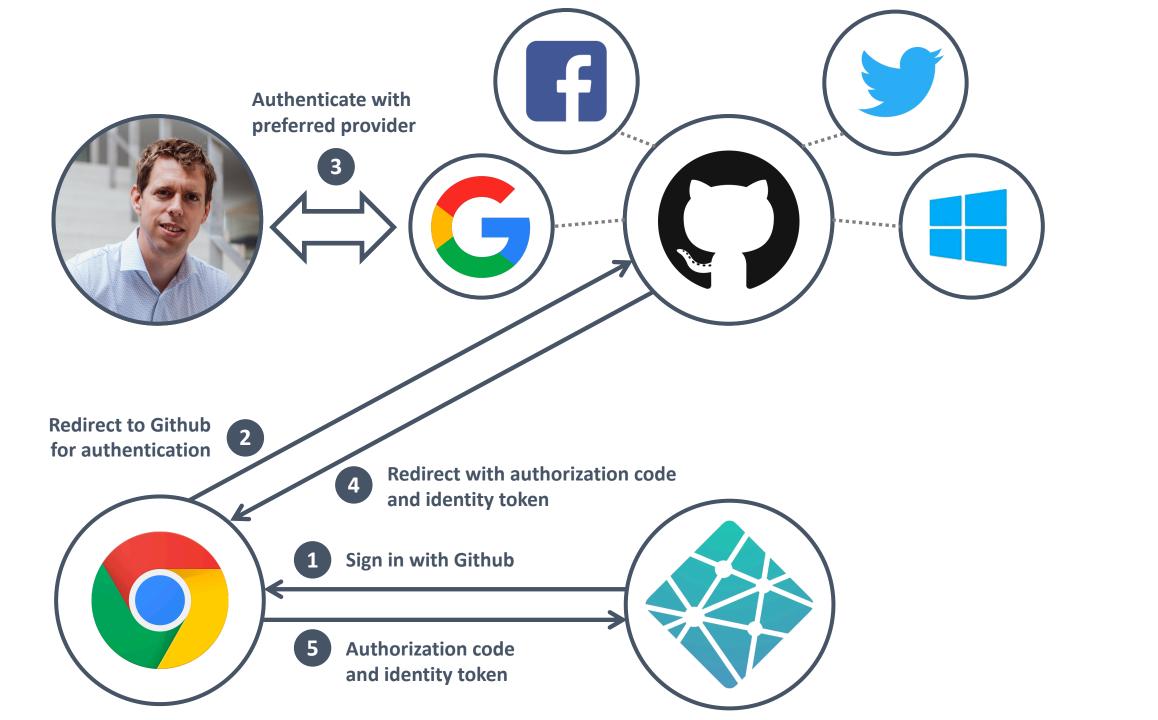
## **OpenID Connect Back-Channel Logout 1.0 - draft 04**

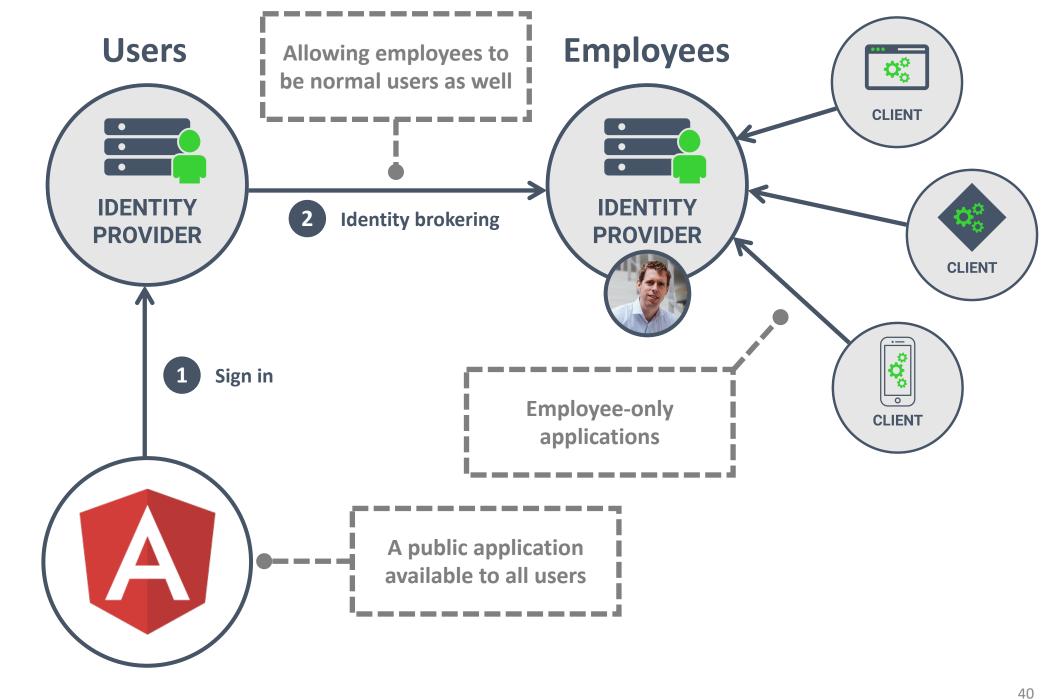
#### **Abstract**

OpenID Connect 1.0 is a simple identity layer on top of the OAuth 2.0 protocol. It enables Clients to verify the identity of the End-User based on the authentication performed by an Authorization Server, as well as to obtain basic profile information about the End-User in an interoperable and REST-like manner.

This specification defines a logout mechanism that uses direct back-channel communication between the OP and RPs being logged out; this differs from front-channel logout mechanisms, which communicate logout requests from the OP to RPs via the User Agent.







# **OIDC** IS MORE THAN AUTHENTICATION ALONE

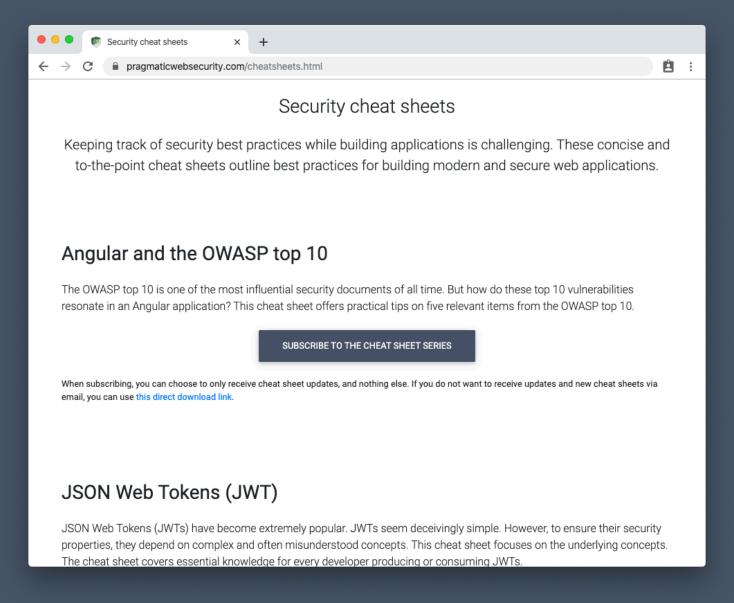


OIDC also includes support for session management and logout

Identity brokering enables the chaining of multiple identity providers

Identity brokering is a crucial concept in enterprise architectures

# Free security cheat sheets for modern applications



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